

# English

## Safety precautions

Failure to observe the safety measures could result in burn injuries and other health and safety risks.

- Do not touch the fireplace while burning. This can be very hot and can cause injuries.
- Do not place the fireplace near curtains, furniture or other inflammable objects.
- Keep children and pets away from a burning fireplace.
- Do not smoke while lighting the fireplace or filling the burner. A spark can set alight bio-ethanol.
- **Do not fill a fireplace while burning or for as long as it is still hot.** This can lead to explosions, burn injuries or other fire damages.
- Do not use any other combustible material that is not suitable, e.g. alcohol, petrol, biodiesel, methanol, etc. this can cause the production of poisonous gases.
- The fireplace should not be used in caravans, boats, vehicles, tents and other places made of inflammable materials.
- Place the fireplace in an enough ventilated room and never in an enclosed space. See also chapter "Minimum airing/ventilation needed".
- Place the fireplace on a stable, even and non-flammable surface. Wall fireplace should be fixed horizontally.
- Do not use the fireplace for cooking.
- Do not use the fireplace in a room where inflammable gases are kept.
- Do not stock the bio ethanol near by the fireplace. Avoid direct light.
- Do not use a fireplace in a house with a gas boiler without funnel.
- Never put the flame out with water, this can cause burn injuries and make the flame even bigger. Use the opposite flame extinguisher.
- **Warning: the flame can be small and therefore not easily visible!**
- When using decorations such as stones and ceramic wool, the flame can change its direction. If so, please place the accessories in a way that it doesn't affect the flame. Make sure that these do not fall into the burner. **Warning: accessories can also become extremely hot!**
- **Warning:** when using a safety glass, please remember that this can be very hot (please note that not all fireplaces can be used with a safety glass).
- It is advisable to use the Farmlight bio-ethanol with a **95%** of ethanol in order to achieve an optimal flame. The Farmlight bio ethanol is suitable for all ethanol fireplaces and assures a safe usage. A higher concentration of ethanol can lead to fire damages on the fireplace and/or to environmental damages.
- In case of injuries, like accidental ingestion of bio-ethanol, contact with eyes and for all symptoms of pain and inflammation, please consult your doctor right away.
- Never leave a burning fireplace unattended.
- **Never move a burning fireplace from one place to the other.** This can cause injuries and risk of fire. Before you move the fireplace, let it cool down completely first. Remove the burner and place it on a stable surface. **In case of fire, please use a fire blanket. Do not use water to extinguish the fire as it doesn't have any effects on bio-ethanol.**
- The manufacturer/supplier cannot be held responsible for damage or injury of any kind because of misuse or because of failure to observe safety measures or correct operating procedures.

Please remove all packaging before use. Stainless steel fireplaces are wrapped with an additional protective film that needs to be carefully pulled out.

### Positioning of the fireplace

- Place the fireplace on a stable, even and non-flammable surface. Wall fireplace should be fixed horizontally.
- The fireplace should not be used in caravans, boats, vehicles, tents and other places made of inflammable materials.
- Place the fireplace in an enough ventilated room and never in an enclosed space. See also chapter "Minimum airing/ventilation needed"
- Do not put the fireplace in a place subjected to air drafts.
- Do not place the fireplace near inflammable objects such as curtains, fabrics, furniture, etc.
- Never use the fireplace in a room where inflammable gases are used or kept.
- Keep any supply of bio-ethanol away from the fireplace.
- Do never use a fireplace in a house with a boiler without funnel or vent pipe.
- Keep free at least 50 centimetres of space above the fireplace.

### Filling of the burner and lighting of the fireplace

- **Do not fill the burner while the fireplace is burning and hot.** This can cause an explosion, lead to injuries or can trig a fire.
- If there is any bio-ethanol left in the burner, remove the cover and let the burner aerate for at least 30 seconds, before using it again.
- Let the fireplace **cool down completely** before you fill in the burner again.
- Remove all fireplace decorations from around the burner. **Warning: decoration accessories can be hot!**
- Take the burner out of the fireplace and place it on a stable surface.
- Fill the burner **up to a centimetre from the edge** with Farmlight Bio Ethanol **95% ethanol. Do not ever fill the burner up to the edge.**
- Place now the burner inside the fireplace with caution.
- Wipe off any spilt traces of bio ethanol with care, first with a dry cloth then with a wet one.
- Put any fireplace decorations around the burner. Make sure they don't fall into the burner.
- If you have additionally ordered a safety glass, you can fix it in front of the burner by using the clips attached on the front of the fireplace (not all fireplaces can be used with a safety glass).
- Light the burner with a long match or a stick lighter. Keep a reasonable distance from the fireplace while doing this.
- Bio-ethanol needs approximately half an hour to reach the temperature necessary for the flame to be at its highest.

### Extinguishing a fireplace working with tin cans

- It is advisable to let the bio-ethanol burn off completely until the flame dies out on its own.
- **Warning: the flame can be very small and therefore not easily visible!**
- Use the opposite flame extinguisher in order to smother the flame.
- Place the flame extinguisher over the tin can in a way that this is totally covered so that no more oxygen feeds the flame. After 5 seconds you can slowly remove the flame extinguisher.
- **Warning:** if any oxygen has reached the bio-ethanol, this can ignite the flame again.
- **Warning:** the tin cans are very hot!
- **Warning:** do not ever try to put the flame out with bare hands, by blowing or by pouring water on it. This can cause burn injuries and make the flame even bigger.

### Extinguishing a fireplace with adjustable burner

- It is advisable to let the bio ethanol burn off completely until the flame dies out on its own.
- **Warning: the flame can be very small and therefore not easily visible!**
- If you wish to put out the fire earlier, please use the opposite instrument in order to close the cover.
- Close the burner with the cover promptly and carefully so that the air supply is interrupted and the flame dies out.
- Wait 5 seconds. Now carefully open the cover to check that the flame is really out.
- **Warning: the flame can be very small and therefore not easily visible!**
- **Warning:** if any oxygen has reached the bio ethanol, this can ignite the flame again.
- **Warning:** the burner is very hot!
- **Warning:** do not ever try to put the flame out with bare hands, by blowing or by pouring water on it. This can cause burn injuries and make the flame even bigger.

### Minimum airing/ ventilation needed

- In the room where the fireplace is located there should be a ventilation chamber in the size of at least 100 cm<sup>2</sup>
- The room where the fireplace is located should measure at least 40 m<sup>3</sup>
- Do not place the fireplace in a room subjected to air drafts.

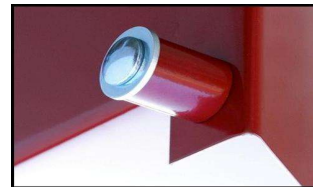
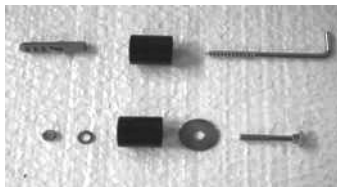


**Before installing the fireplace, please read carefully the instructions and the safety precautions. Failure to observe the safety measures could result in burn injuries and other health and safety risks.**

## User's manual for Riviera and Diana fireplaces

The assembly kit includes:

- 4 screw spreaders
- 2 screw hooks
- 2 screw plugs
- 2 screw nuts
- 2 washer screws
- 2 screws
- 2 rings



Please remove all packaging before use. Stainless steel fireplaces are wrapped with an additional protective film that needs to be carefully pulled out.

### Assembly instructions

- Fix the fireplace onto a vertical, stable and non-flammable wall.
- Decide first where to put the fireplace.
- Insert the screw through the hole of the bigger washer screw.
- Insert the screw with washer screw in one of the screw spreaders.
- Insert the spreader into the hole of the fireplace's bottom side.
- Put the small ring onto the screw of the inside of the fireplace.
- Put the screw nut over it and screw tightly with a screwdriver.
- Make sure that the spreader and the big washer screws are properly centred on the screw.
- Repeat this procedure on all sides.
- Put the fireplace on the desired spot and with a pencil mark on the wall the main hole.
- Make sure the fireplace is hung straight by using a spirit level.
- Drill two holes in the wall on the marked spots.
- Push the screw plugs into the drilled holes.
- Now screw the hooks into the plugs leaving 26mm of screw sticking out of the wall.
- Fix the spreaders onto the hooks. Hang the fireplace by inserting the hooks into the existing holes.



### Instructions for use

- Fill the burner **up to a centimetre from the edge** with Farmlight Bio Ethanol **95%**. **Do not ever fill the burner up to the edge.**
- The adjustable burner is equipped with ceramic wool. Ceramic wool, together with Farmlight Bio Ethanol (95% ethanol), absorbs the bio-ethanol just like a sponge, thereby enabling a better and steadier combustion.
- Ceramic wool is made of biodegradable materials. Ceramic wool could withstand temperatures in the range of 1200 °C. When using Farmlight bio-ethanol, the burner reaches a maximum temperature of 385°C. Bio-Flex is classified under the terms of Nota Q of EU-Directive 67/548/EEC and under TRGS 905 (German Technical Regulation for Dangerous Substances). **Please note: ceramic wool is included in the delivery ONLY when purchasing a fireplace with a 1L firebox. It is not included with tin cans.**
- Place now carefully the burner in the fireplace.
- Wipe off any spilt traces of bio ethanol with care, first with a dry cloth then with a wet one.
- If you have additionally ordered a safety glass, you can fix it in front of the burner by using the clips attached on the front of the fireplace (not all fireplaces can be used with a safety glass).
- Light the burner with a long match or a stick lighter. Keep a reasonable distance from the fireplace while doing this.
- Bio-ethanol needs approximately half an hour to reach the temperature necessary for the flame to be at its highest.

### Extinguishing a fireplace working with bio fuel gel in tin cans

- It is advisable to let the bio-ethanol burn off completely until the flame dies out on its own.
- **Warning: the flame can be very small and therefore not easily visible.**
- Use the opposite flame extinguisher in order to smother the flame.
- Place the flame extinguisher over the tin can in a way that this is totally covered so that no more oxygen feeds the flame. After 5 seconds you can slowly remove the flame extinguisher.
- **Warning:** if any oxygen has reached the bio-ethanol, this can ignite the flame again.
- **Warning:** the tin cans are very hot!
- **Warning:** do not ever try to put the flame out with bare hands, by blowing or by pouring water on it. This can cause burn injuries and make the flame even bigger.

### Extinguishing a flame in an adjustable burner

- It is advisable to let the bio-ethanol burn off completely until the flame dies out on its own.
- **Warning: the flame can be very small and therefore not easily visible.**
- If you wish to put out the fire earlier, please use the opposite instrument included in the delivery in order to close the cover.
- Close the burner with the cover promptly and carefully so that the air supply is interrupted and the flame dies out.
- Wait 5 seconds. Now carefully open the cover to check that the flame is really out.
- **Warning:** if any oxygen has reached the bio ethanol, this can ignite the flame again.
- **Warning:** the burner is extremely hot!
- **Warning:** do not ever try to put the flame out with bare hands, by blowing or by pouring water on it. This can cause burn injuries and make the flame even bigger.



### Filling of the burner and lighting of the fireplace

- **Do never fill the burner while the fireplace is burning and hot.** This can cause an explosion, lead to injuries or can trig a fire.
- If there is any bio-ethanol left in the burner, remove the cover and let the burner aerate for at least 30 seconds before using it again.
- Let the fireplace **cool down completely** before you fill in the burner again.
- Remove all fireplace decorations from around the burner. **Warning: decoration accessories can be hot!**
- Take the burner out of the fireplace and place it on a stable and non-flammable surface.
- Fill the burner **up to a centimetre from the edge** with Farmlight Bio Ethanol (made out of a minimum of 95% ethanol). **Do not ever fill the burner up to the edge.**
- Place now the burner inside the fireplace with caution.
- Wipe off any spilt traces of bio ethanol with care, first with a dry cloth then with a wet one.
- If you have additionally purchased decoration accessories, place these around the burner. Make sure they do not fall into the burner while doing this.
- Light the burner with a long match or a stick lighter. Keep a reasonable distance from the fireplace while doing this.
- Bio-ethanol approximately half an hour to reach the temperature necessary for the flame to be at its highest.

